

Five easy mistakes to avoid in your next NOP patient

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BCM

Baylor College of Medicine

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS

MD Anderson
~~Cancer Center~~

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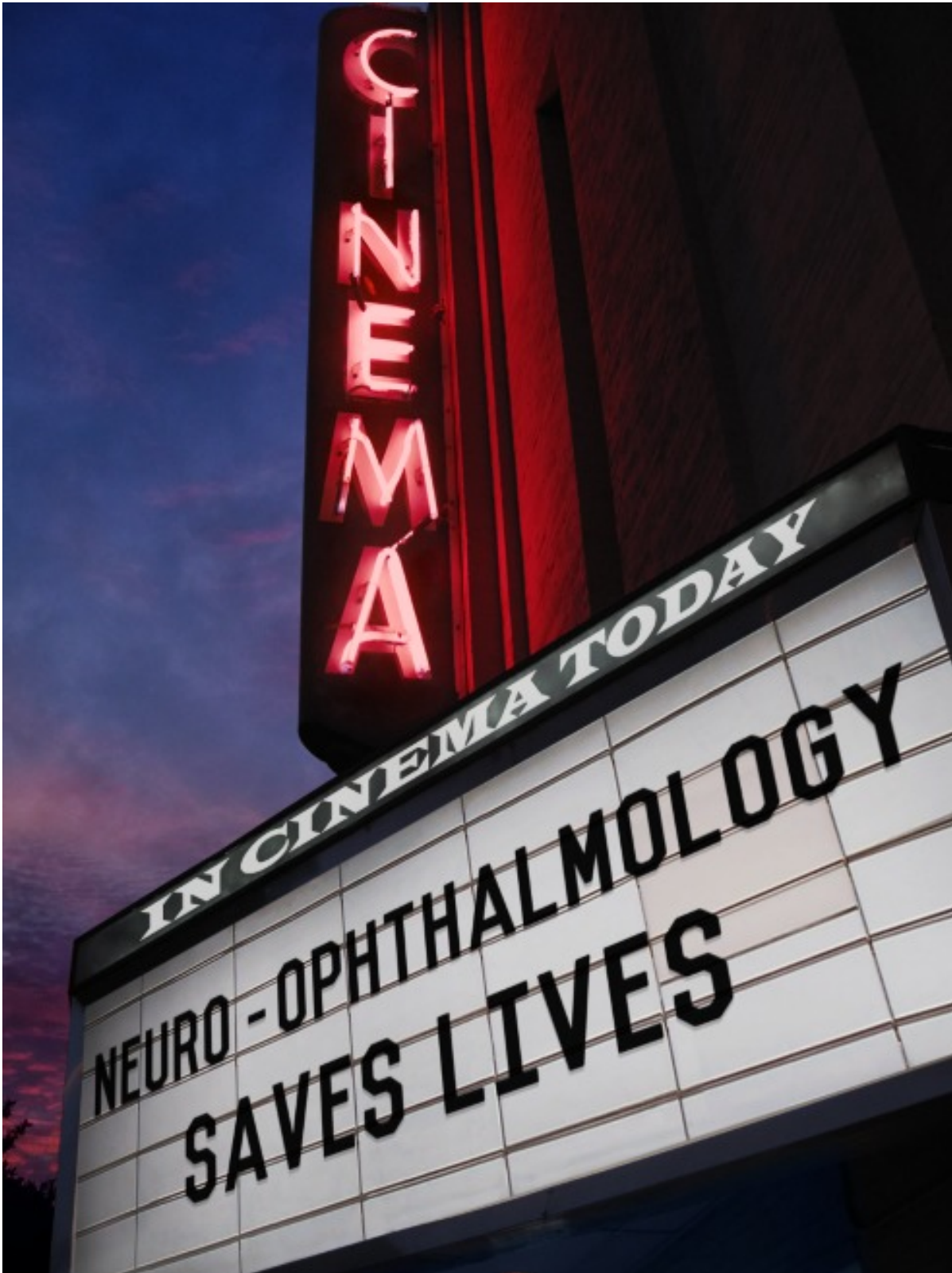


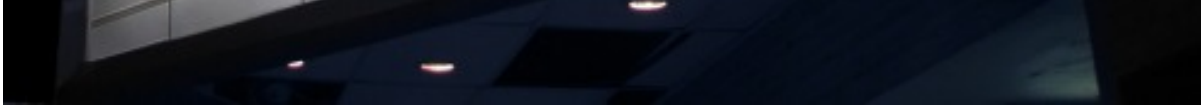
University at Buffalo
The State University of New York

Neuro- ophth mistakes to avoid



What to say to others in bad situations.





THE FOLLOWING **PREVIEW HAS BEEN REVIEWED FOR
ALL AUDIENCES
BY THE PROJECT MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA**

THE APP ADVERTISED HAS BEEN RATED

PG-13

PROJECT MANAGERS STRONGLY CAUTIONED

Some Material May Be Inappropriate for CIOs Under 13

INTENSE METHODOLOGY MATERIAL, SCENES OF VIOLENCE

This talk might require a behavior change that might put you outside of your comfort zone.

I have no financial conflict of interest to disclose

I have a question for you....

Why did you go to medical school?

To be a medical doctor

Is there a doctor on this aircraft?





Hmm...Am I a doctor?....

Why am I telling you this?...Are you a real doctor?



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TRENDING **NEW** Flu, Cold & Cough Chronic Disease EHR Best Practices Accountable Care Organizations Erectile Dysfunction

PREV [Financial Beat](#) [Sarah's last visit](#) NEXT

"I'm not a doctor. I'm an ophthalmologist"

Publish date: FEB 08, 2002

By: Andrew Lee

"I'm not a doctor. I'm an ophthalmologist"

Forced to respond to an in-flight emergency, the author rediscovers his true medical identity.

Resource Centers

- Flu, Cold & Cough
- Erectile Dysfunction: Treatment and Diagnosis
- Immunization and vaccination
- Low Testosterone
- MORE ...

FOR ADULTS WITH TYPE 2 DIABETES, ENVISION NEW POSSIBILITIES
Invokana

You don't have to like neuro-op and You don't have to do N-OP, you don't have to like me...but you have to



Is this person a medical doctor? AMA survey 2008

Is this person a medical doctor?	Yes	No	Not sure
Orthopedic Surgeon	94	3	3
Obstetrician/Gynecologist	92	5	3
General or Family Practitioner	88	8	3
Dentist	77	20	3
Anesthesiologist	76	16	8
Psychiatrist	74	20	6
Ophthalmologist	69	14	17
Podiatrist	67	22	11
Optometrist	54	36	10
Psychologist	49	44	8
Chiropractor	38	53	9
Doctor of Nursing Practice	38	37	25
Audiologist	33	40	27
Otolaryngologist	32	13	55
Nurse Practitioner	29	63	7
Physical Therapist	26	68	6

You are a real doctor

Medical doctor first

Ophthalmologist second

Refractive surgeon third

The reaper is coming....



For your patient's eyes

For your patient's life

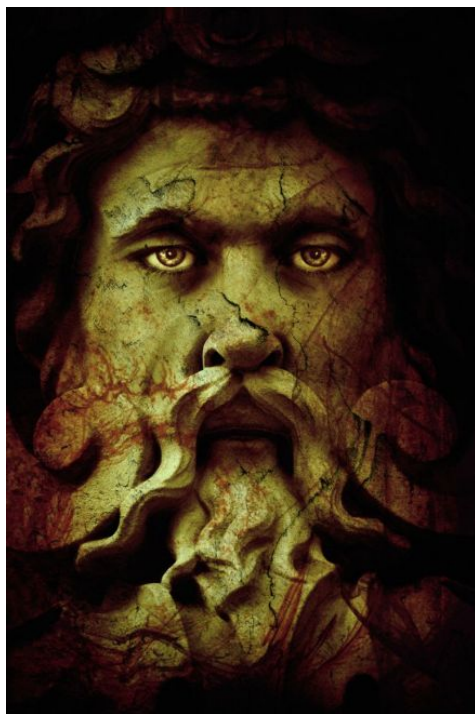
He is coming for you too...

For your very soul....

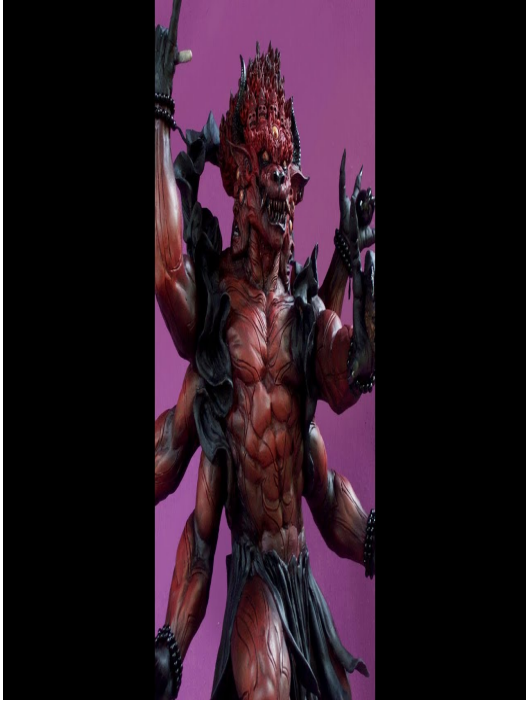
Every day we battle the reaper....your superpower is keeping him at bay



He goes by many names....

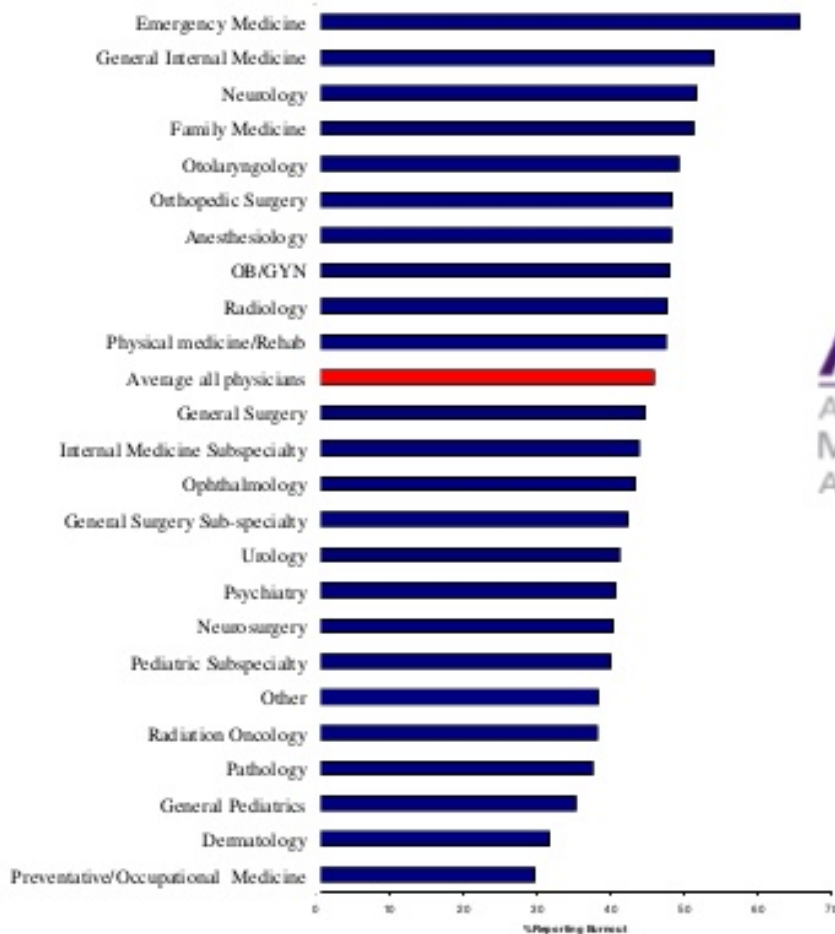


Hades



Yama

Burnout by Specialty (National)



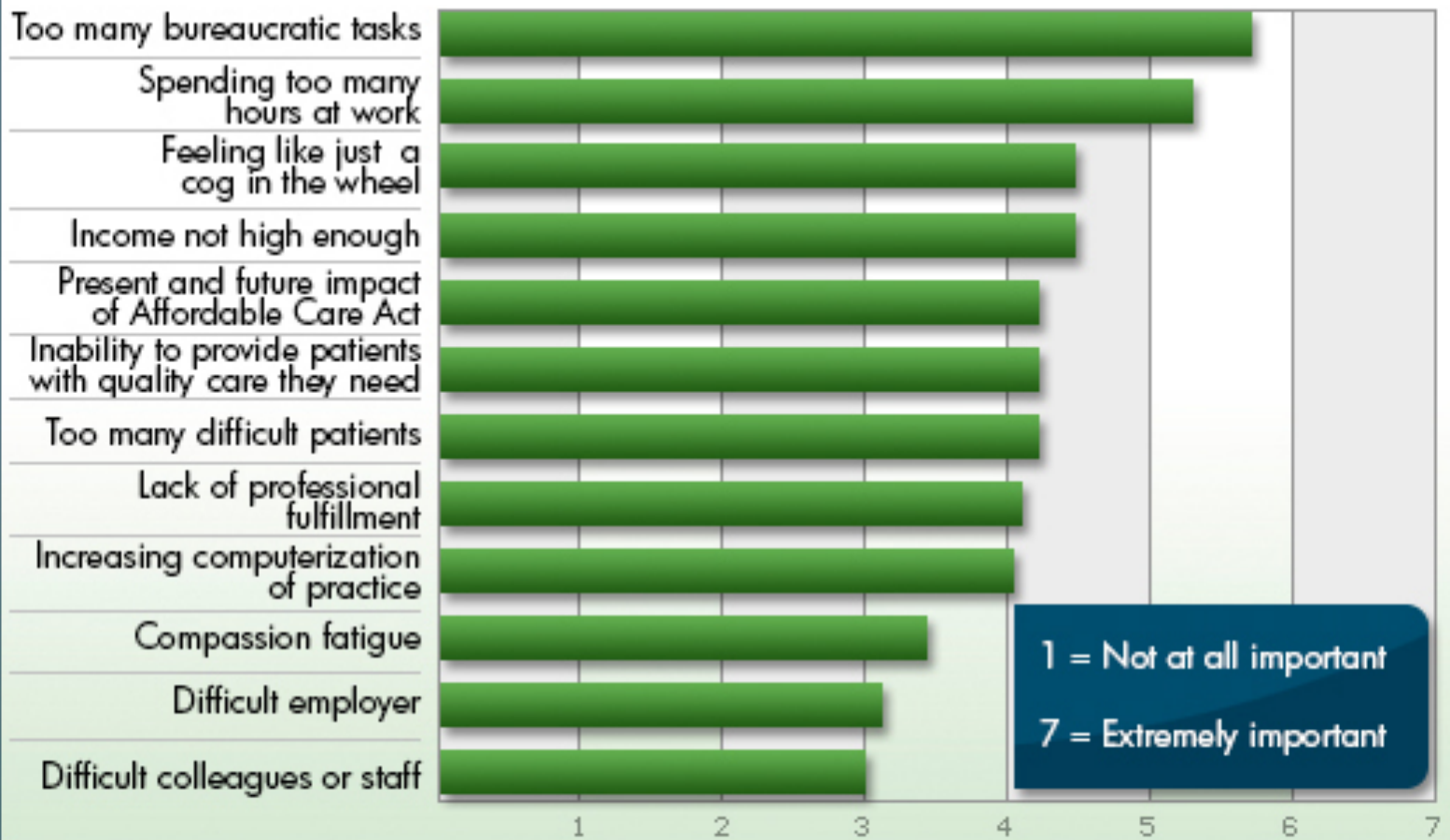
Shanafelt *et al.*
Arch Intern Med 2012

**Modern
Healthcare**

Maslach Burnout Inventory

- Emotional exhaustion (EE) – feelings of being emotionally overextended by one’s work; no longer able to give of themselves at a psychological level
- Depersonalization (DP) – unfeeling and impersonal response toward recipients of one’s service, care, treatment, or instruction; negative, cynical attitudes and feelings about one’s clients; dehumanizing perception of others that can result in viewing clients as somehow deserving of their troubles
- Personal accomplishment (PA) – feelings of competence and successful achievement in one’s work with people

What Are the Causes of Burnout?



Shanafelt, et al. Burnout and satisfaction with work-life balance among US physician relative to the general US population. Arch Intern Med. 2012;172:1377-1385.

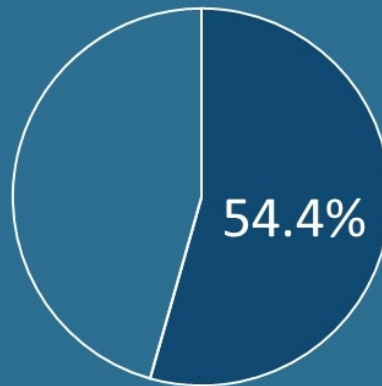
Physician Burnout: Systematic Review & Framework For Action

Causes:



- Loss of autonomy
- Subspecialty choice
- More call / work hours
- Asymmetric rewards / punitive culture
- Productivity-based compensation

Burnout Rate:



Suicide Rates: 1.5-4.5x
general population

Solutions:



- Devote 20% of time to what you find meaningful
- Align personal / organizational values
- Engage w/ colleagues



DISEASES
OF THE
COLON &
RECTUM



Rothenberger DA et al. *Dis Colon Rectum* 2017;60(6)

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Do you want to help me to defeat the devil's work and physician burnout?

I know that we can defeat burnout

You wrote about it in your personal statement

Passion about something meaningful

Enthusiasm and engagement with your colleagues

Love of ophthalmology & care of patients

Resilience in the face of adversity

The countermeasure for burnout: professional satisfaction

A word about feedback...

I care about your evaluations (PS: make them good)

I care more about you and your patients....

Come up to me at the next meeting or the reception next year and tell me...

That you made a difference

You saved someone's vision

....or someone's life....

Overview: Say this, not that... The five easy mistakes to avoid

Keep Symptoms, Signs, Diagnosis separate

Don't let sewage in your record

Differential diagnosis is mandatory

Don't make up your own neuro -op rules

Plan = two choices

Work it up or....

Recognize, triage, and refer

Definition: Sewage

What do you call a teaspoon of wine in a barrel full of sewage?

Sewage

What do you call a teaspoon of sewage in a barrel full of wine?

Sewage

Don't let sewage creep into your records



Do this...not that

You must address chief complaint

Even if the eye exam is normal

CC: 75 y.o. WF with acute severe headache and scalp pain

“Imp: Normal eye exam” (don’t do this)

You did not address the chief complaint!

Do this: “Imp: 75 y/o WF with new HA and scalp pain. Plan: stat ESR and CRP, start steroids, refer”

Behavior changes

“ “Diplopia” is not a diagnosis (symptom)

“Ptosis” is NOT a diagnosis (sign)

“ Esotropia ” is NOT a diagnosis (Sign)

Normal eye exam” is NOT a diagnosis!

A special slide for retina

“Not the retina” is NOT a diagnosis

“Dilated” is NOT a pupil exam

“Vision too bad for VF” is NOT a visual field exam

“Dilated OD only” is not a full eye exam

Do this, not that

Impression: “Ptosis”

Ptosis is NOT a diagnosis

No differential diagnosis

Don't do this: “Plan: ptosis repair”

Do this: Imp: “Ptosis secondary to levator dehiscence OD, no MG, no III n. palsy, no Horner syndrome”

What I tell my residents, (One day.....



This is Dr. Lee...Beware pallid edema....

It's Saturday night...tell that old lady to come on Monday to office...

Past medical history

Don't do this : “PMH: Lung cancer”

Do this : PMH: Stage IV small cell lung cancer s/p RUL resection last month, now on chemoRx , XRT, mets to liver and bone

Compare PMH : Incidentally found lung nodule Stage 1 adenoCA resected 1985, no chemo, no XRT, no mets , last CXR stable

In a 65 y/o WM with new optic neuropathy OD which of the above “lung cancer” patients has the metastatic disease to orbit/optic nerve?

PERRLA sucks

PERRLA: Pupils equal, round, reactive to light and accommodation

No assessment of anisocoria in the dark

No assessment of RAPD

Do this: P 5 mm => 3 mm OU, No RAPD

Not this: Pupils: "M & N, dilated: 245 PM"

Ptosis OS: Levator dehiscence, PERRLA, & motility, high crease, deep sup sulcus



“PERRLA” ≠ NORMAL





Apraclonidine test (inferior image) confirmed suspected diagnosis of Horner syndrome. González Martín -Moro et al. Horner Syndrome, a New Complication. J Oral Maxillofac Surg 2009.



LIGHT

DARK

AFTER APRACLONIDINE

BEFORE APRACLONIDINE

Carotid dissection

History of trauma

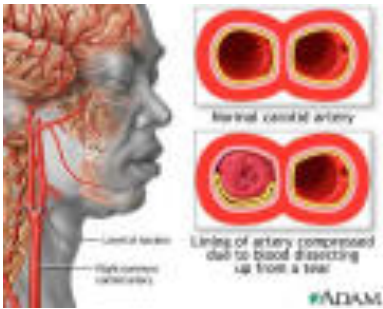
Neck pain

Ipsilateral Horner syndrome

Transient visual loss

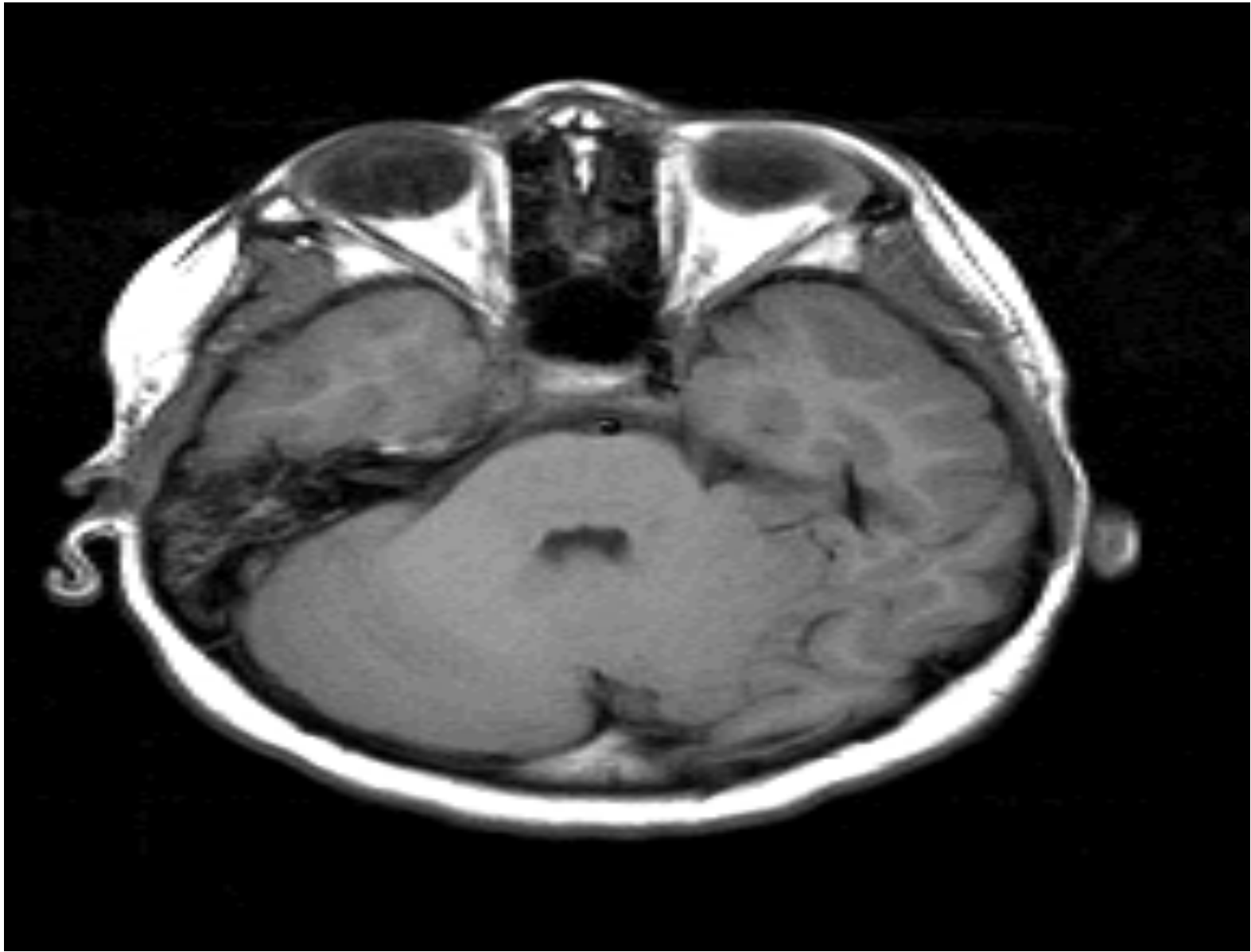
Branch or central retinal artery occlusion

Dysgeusia



www.nlm.nih.gov





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IGLE FIELD ANALYSIS

EYE: RIGHT

TIME: ID: DOB: -1947

RL 30-2 THRESHOLD TEST

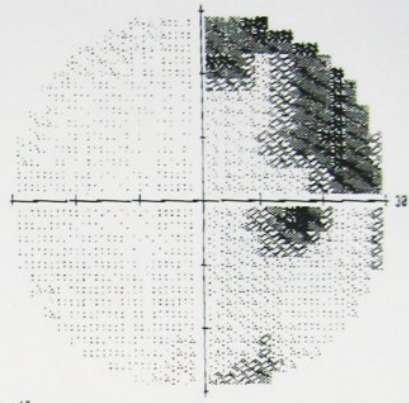
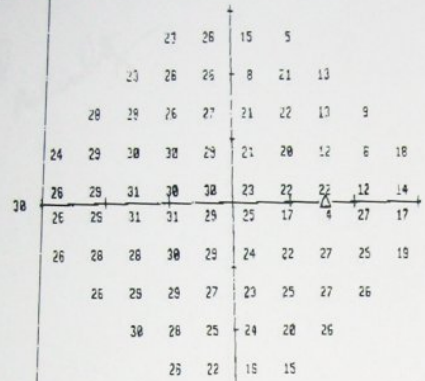
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 TON TARGET: CENTRAL
 TON LOSSES: 2:13
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 E NEG ERRORS: 3 %
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STIMULUS: III. WHITE
 BACKGROUND: 31.5 ASB
 STRATEGY: SITA-FAST

PUPIL DIAMETER:
 VISUAL ACUITY:
 RX: +1.25 DS 00 1

DATE: 06-05-2001
 TIME: 9:42 AM
 AGE: 54

DR: OFF



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0	-5	-9	-12						

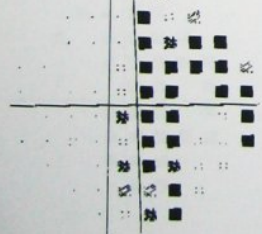
OUTSIDE NORMAL LIMITS

MD -5.46 DB P < 1%
 FSD 5.38 DB P < 0.5%

Handwritten note:
 0.46
 b-h

TOTAL DEVIATION

PATTERN DEVIATION



Legend for deviation levels:
 □ (5%
 □ (2%
 □ (1%
 ■ (0.5%

LE FIELD ANALYSIS

IE:

ID:

30-2 THRESHOLD TEST

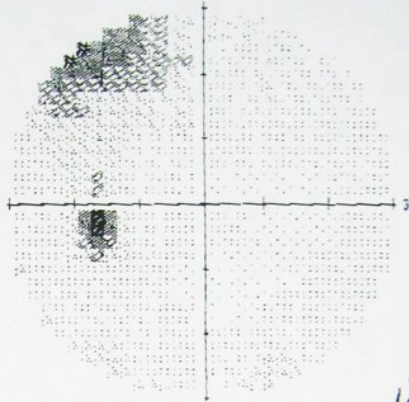
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IN LOSSES: 4/12
POS ERRORS: 0 %
NEG ERRORS: 0 %
DURATION: 04:10
OFF

STIMULUS: III. WHITE
BACKGROUND: 31.5 ASB
STRATEGY: S1TR-FAST

PUPIL DIAMETER:
VISUAL ACUITY:
RX: +0.00 DS +2.00 DC X 65

DATE: 06-05-2001
TIME: 9:48 AM
AGE: 54

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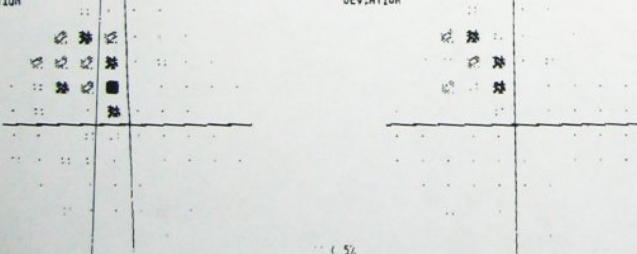
GHT
BORDERLINE

MJ -2.31 DB P (5%
FSD 2.59 DB P (5%

old
6-5-0

TOTAL
DEVIATION

PATTERN
DEVIATION



□ < 5%
■ < 2%
■ < 1%
■ < 0.5%

IGLE FIELD ANALYSIS

EYE: RIGHT

TIME: ID: DOB: -1947

RL 30-2 THRESHOLD TEST

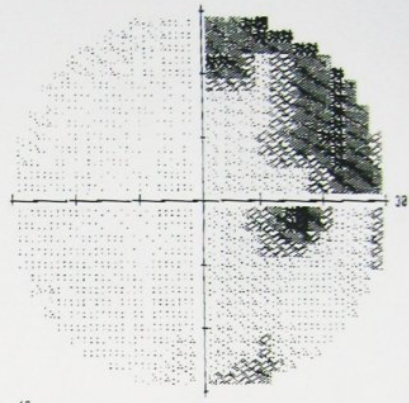
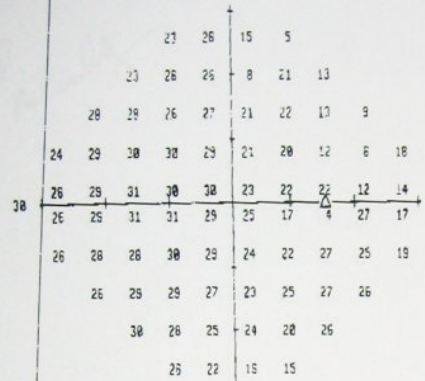
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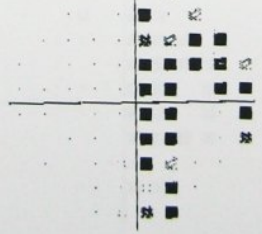
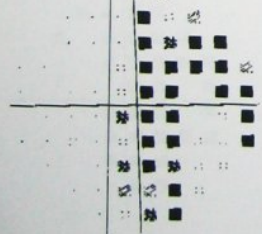
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 □ (2%
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IE: [REDACTED]

ID: [REDACTED]

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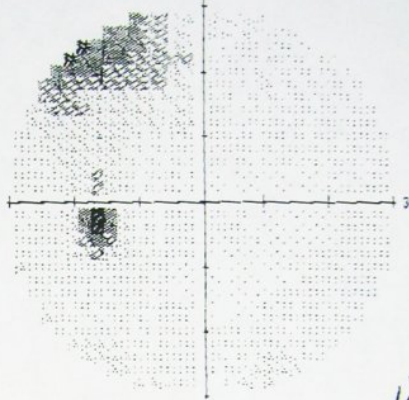
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IN TARGET: CENTRAL
IN LOSSES: 4/12
POS ERRORS: 0 %
NEG ERRORS: 0 %
DURATION: 04:10
OFF

STIMULUS: III. WHITE
BACKGROUND: 31.5 ASB
STRATEGY: S1TR-FAST

PUPIL DIAMETER:
VISUAL ACUITY:
RX: +0.00 DS +2.00 DC X 65

DATE: 06-05-2001
TIME: 9:48 AM
AGE: 54

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		25	26	25	22						



-10	-3	-1	1						
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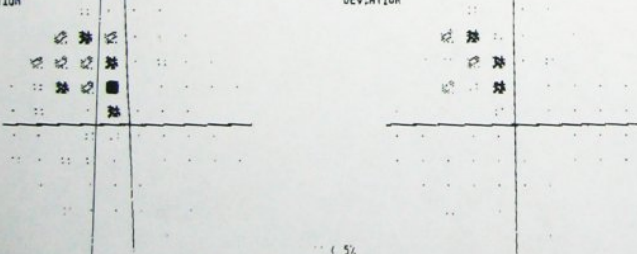
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6-5-0

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PATTERN
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○ < 5%
● < 2%
■ < 1%
■ < 0.5%

ANGLE FIELD ANALYSIS

EYE: RIGHT

NAME: [REDACTED] ID: [REDACTED] DOB: [REDACTED]-1947

30-2 THRESHOLD TEST

VISION MONITOR: GAZE BLINDSPOT
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 NEG ERRORS: 2 %
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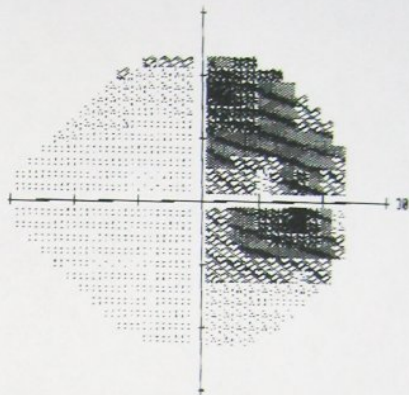
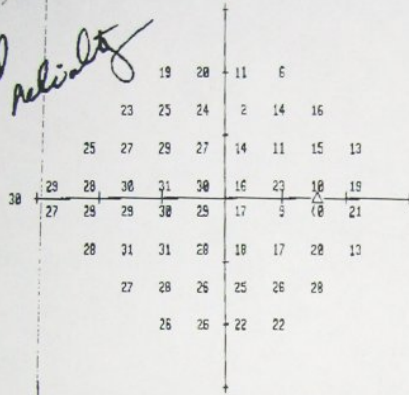
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 STRATEGY: SITA-FAST

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Good reliability

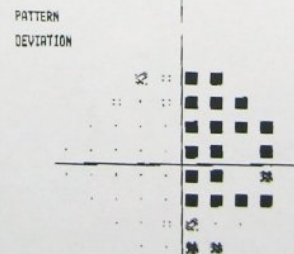
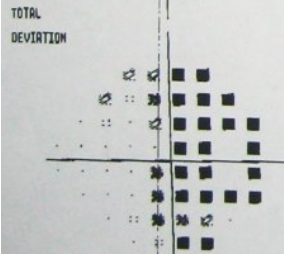


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3	0	0	0	-1	-15	-8	-9
1	1	-1	-1	-3	-15	-21	-8
0	1	0	-3	-13	-14	-9	-16
-1	-2	-4	-5	-4	-1		
-2	-3	-7	-7				

OUTSIDE NORMAL LIMITS

MD -7.12 DB P < 0.5%
 PSD 7.85 DB P < 0.5%



No significant loss
lost 20

○ < 5%
 ◐ < 2%
 ◑ < 1%
 ■ < 0.5%

ANGLE FIELD ANALYSIS

EYE: LEFT

NAME: _____ ID: _____ DOB: _____ -194

REAL 24-2 THRESHOLD TEST

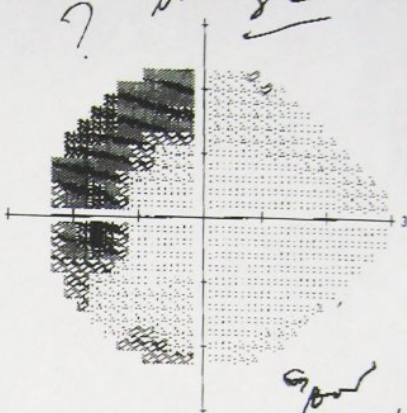
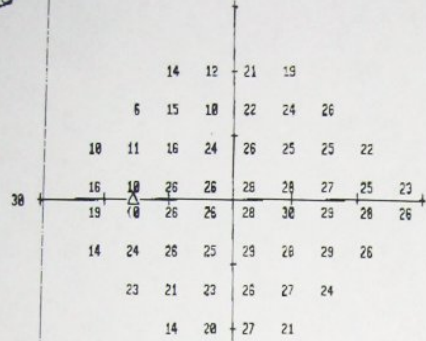
STIMULUS MONITOR: BLINDSPOT
 STIMULUS TARGET: CENTRAL
 STIMULUS LOSSES: 1/12
 SE POS ERRORS: 6 %
 SE NEG ERRORS: 6 %
 DURATION: 4:06

STIMULUS: III, WHITE
 BACKGROUND: 31.5 ASB
 STRATEGY: SITA-FAST

PUPIL DIAMETER:
 VISUAL ACUITY:
 RX: +2.50 DS -2.00 DC X 100

DATE: 07-23-2003
 TIME: 10:35 AM
 AGE: 56

ERR: OFF



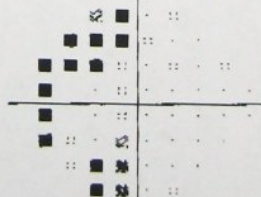
-13	-15	-6	-8				
-22	-14	-19	-7	-5	-2		
-19	-19	-14	-7	-5	+6	-5	-7
-14	-5	+6	-4	-5	-4	-4	-4
-11	-6	-7	-5	-3	-2	-2	-1
-16	-7	-6	-7	-4	-3	-2	-3
-8	-10	-8	-5	-4	-6		
-15	-10	-3	-8				

-10	-12	-3	-5				
-19	-12	-17	-4	-3	1		
-16	-16	-12	-4	-3	-4	-2	-4
-11	-3	-4	-1	-2	-2	-2	-2
-8	-3	+4	-2	0	1	1	2
-13	-4	-3	-5	-1	-1	0	0
-5	-7	-5	-2	-1	-3		
-13	-7	0	-5				

MD -7.04 DB P < 0.5%
 PSD 5.03 DB P < 1%

TOTAL DEVIATION

PATTERN DEVIATION



□ < 5%
 □ < 2%
 □ < 1%
 ■ < 0.5%

MT. VERNON EYE CLINIC P.L.C.
 DRs. SKOTOWSKI AND SINDT
 202 GLENN ST.
 MT. VERNON, IA 52314
 319 895-6888 1-800-476-2312

UHC
HEAD_8CH*BRAIN
Jan 5, 2005
2.50 mm

series number: 2
Image #: 8714

A

TR: 692
TE: 10
www.fwi 669/429

Zoom: 200%



Do this

Always look at visual field with this question in mind....

Is it bitemporal ? Or homonymous?

Respect of vertical midline

SINGLE FIELD ANALYSIS

EYE: RIGHT

NAME: ID: DOB: 1947

CENTRAL 30-2 THRESHOLD TEST

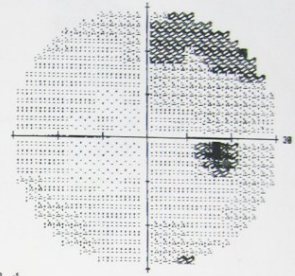
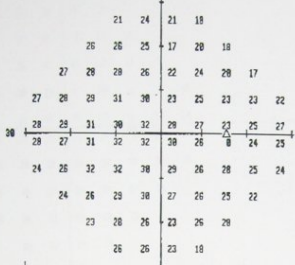
FIXATION MONITOR: GAZE/BLINDSPOT
FIXATION TARGET: CENTRAL
FIXATION LOSSES: 1/12
FALSE POS ERRORS: 1 X
FALSE NEG ERRORS: 4 X
TEST DURATION: 04:25

STIMULUS: III, WHITE
BACKGROUND: 31.5 RBG
STRATEGY: STRA-FRST

PUPIL DIAMETER:
VERNAL ACUITY:
RX: +1.50 DS DC X

DATE: 12-14-1999
TIME: 11:01 AM
AGE: 52

POWER: OFF



-4	-1	-3	-6						
-1	-1	-2	-10	-7	-8				
-1	-1	-2	-3	-8	-5	-9	-11		
0	-1	-2	-1	-1	-8	-6	-7	-6	-7
1	-1	-2	-1	-4	-5	-5	-2		
0	-2	-1	-1	-1	-3	-6	-8	-4	
-2	-3	1	0	-2	-3	-5	-3	-5	-6
-5	-4	-2	-2	-4	-4	-5	-8		
-5	-1	-3	-7	-4	-1				
-1	-2	-6	-11						

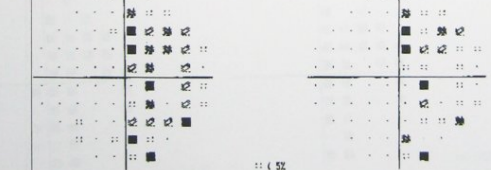
-4	0	-2	-5						
0	-1	-2	-10	-6	-7				
0	0	-2	-3	-7	-5	-8	-10		
1	0	-1	0	-1	-7	-5	-6	-5	-6
1	0	0	-1	0	-4	-4	-4	-2	
1	-2	0	0	0	-2	-6	-5	-4	
-2	-2	1	0	-2	-3	-5	-2	-5	-5
-4	-3	-1	-1	-4	-4	-4	-7		
-5	-1	-3	-7	-3	-1				
-1	-2	-5	-10						

GHT
BORDERLINE

NO -3.28 DS P < 1X
PSD 2.88 DS P < 1X

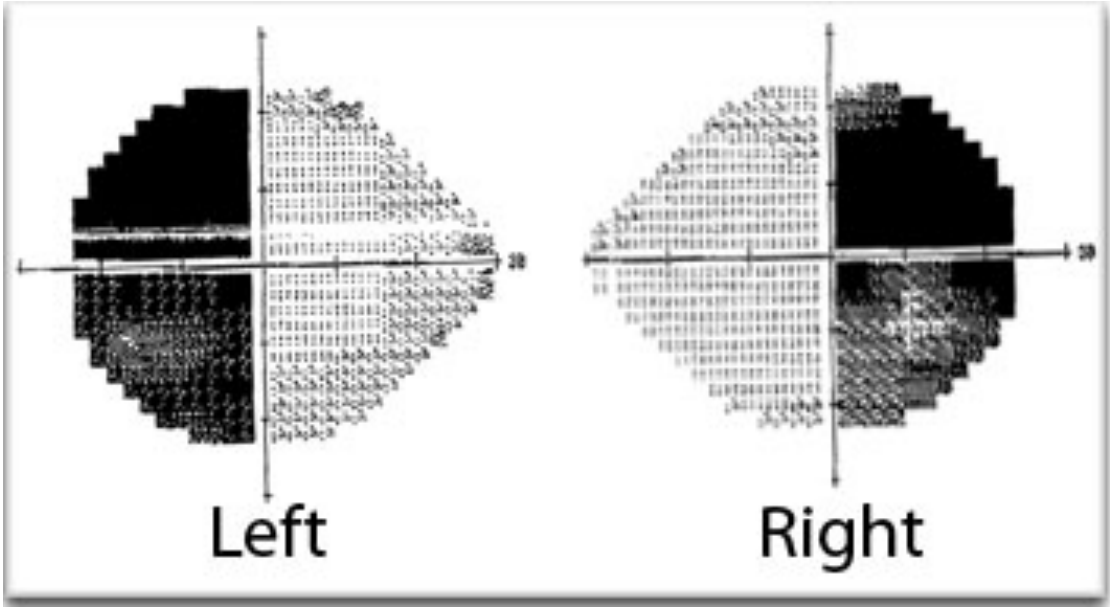
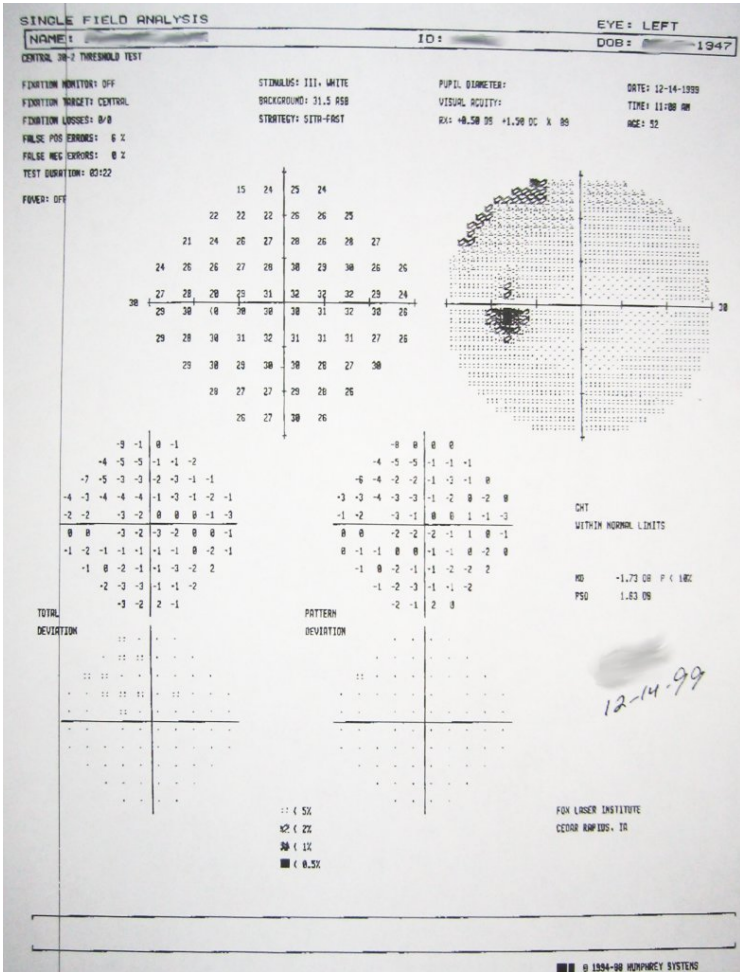
TOTAL
DEVIATION

PATTERN
DEVIATION



0 (5X
0 (2X
0 (1X
0 (0.5X

12-14-99



Book bitemporal

Real world bitemporal

Ischemic optic neuropathy

Do NOT write ischemic optic neuropathy unless it is...

ION is NOT an etiologic diagnosis

AION is NOT an etiologic diagnosis

Two forms of AION: Nonarteritic (NAION) & Arteritic (A-AION)

Dangerous to write "ION" or even "AION" without excluding GCA!

PS: No such thing as "ischemic optic neuritis"

Beware “optic neuritis” in elderly....likely GCA

Wicked good pearl: retrobulbar optic neuritis in elderly might be PION due to GCA....Pallid edema sometimes looks like no edema (dead nerve cant swell)

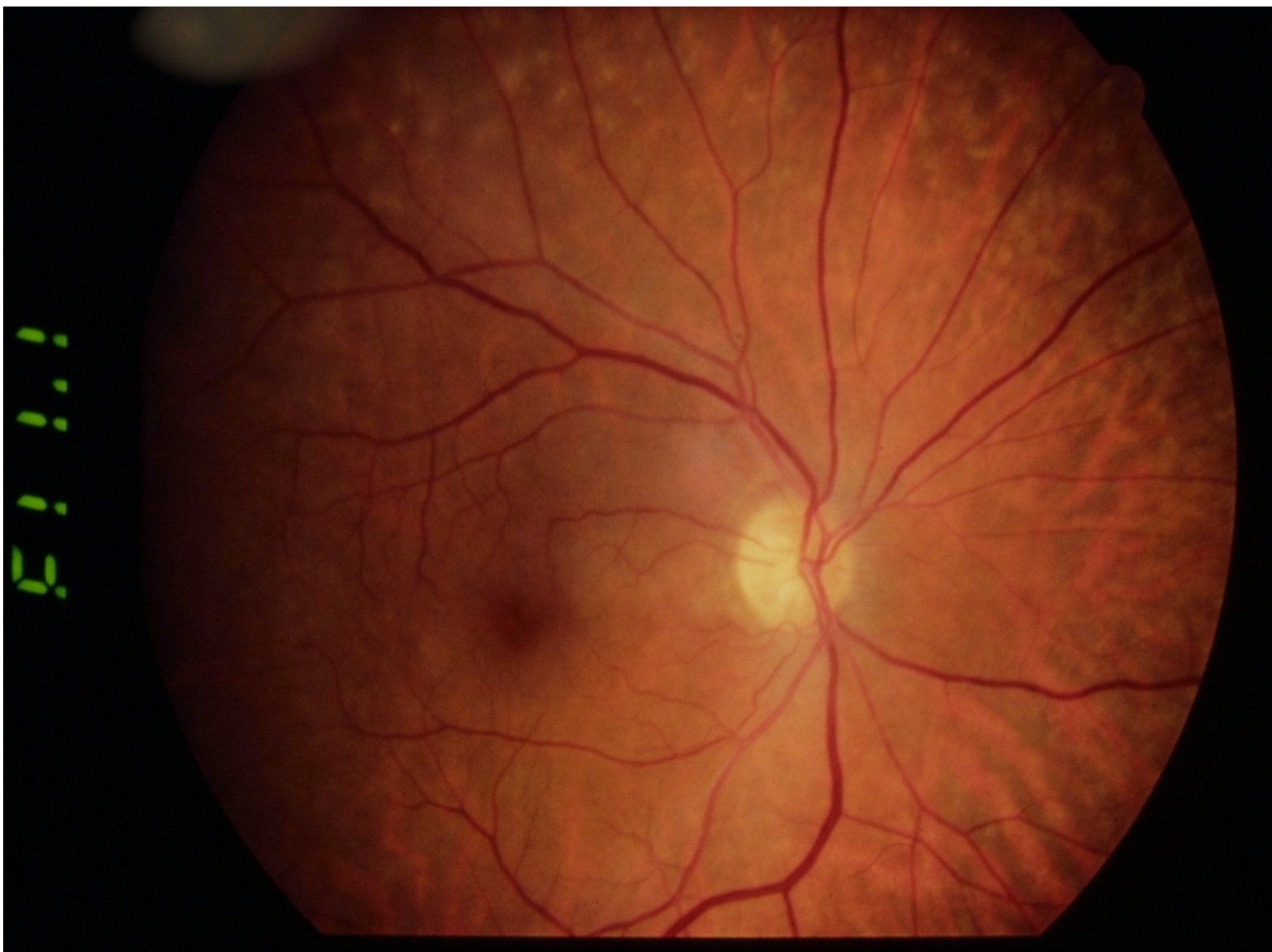
It also can be NMO or MOG!

Don't make up your own NOP rules

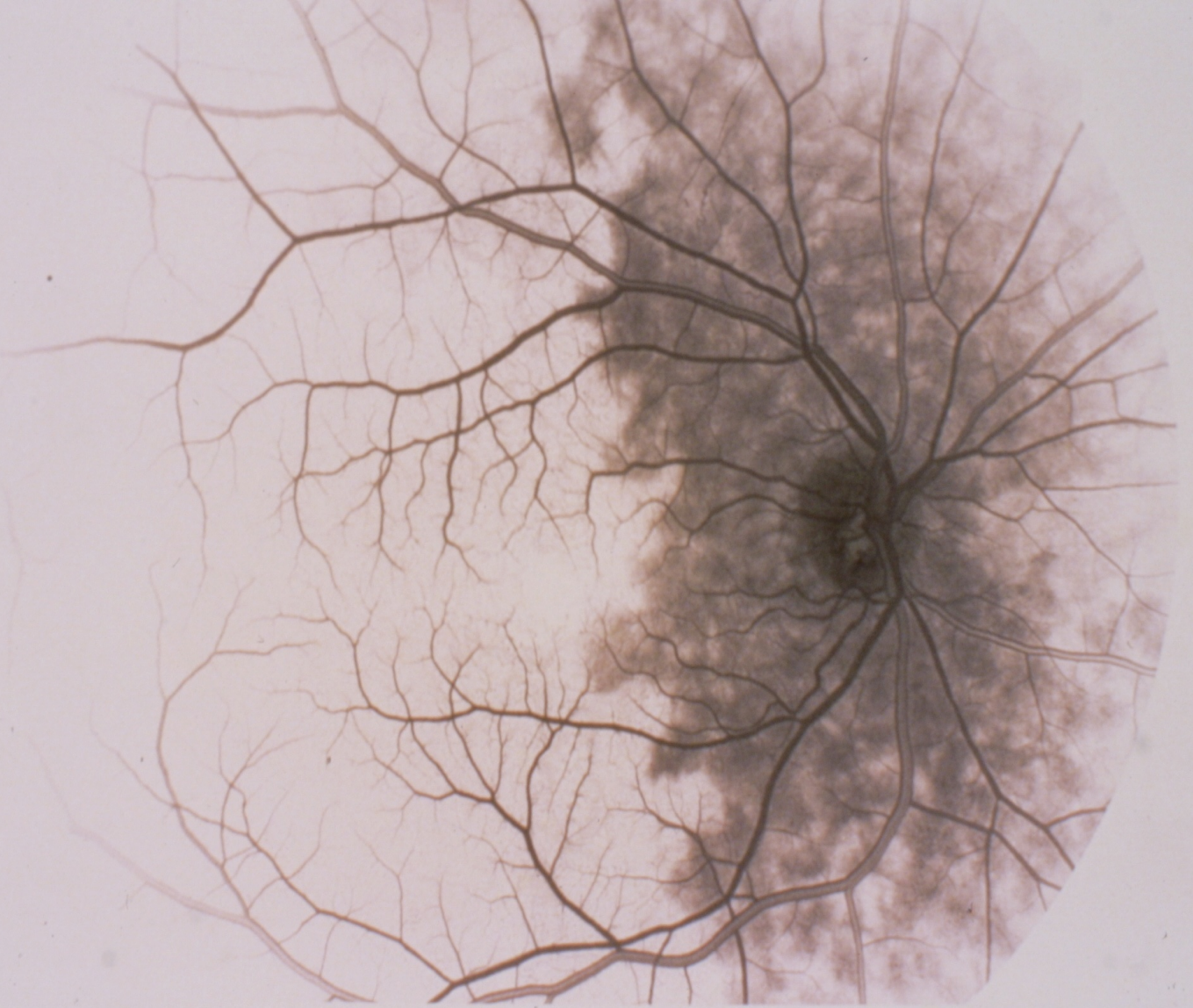
The artery on the side of my head hurts



I have GCA



33.1



Optic neuritis

Optic neuritis is demyelinating or idiopathic, it is a disorder of YOUNG patients

80 y.o. with optic neuritis is not likely

PION is more likely & PION is usually GCA

Don't write: 80 y.o. with optic neuritis

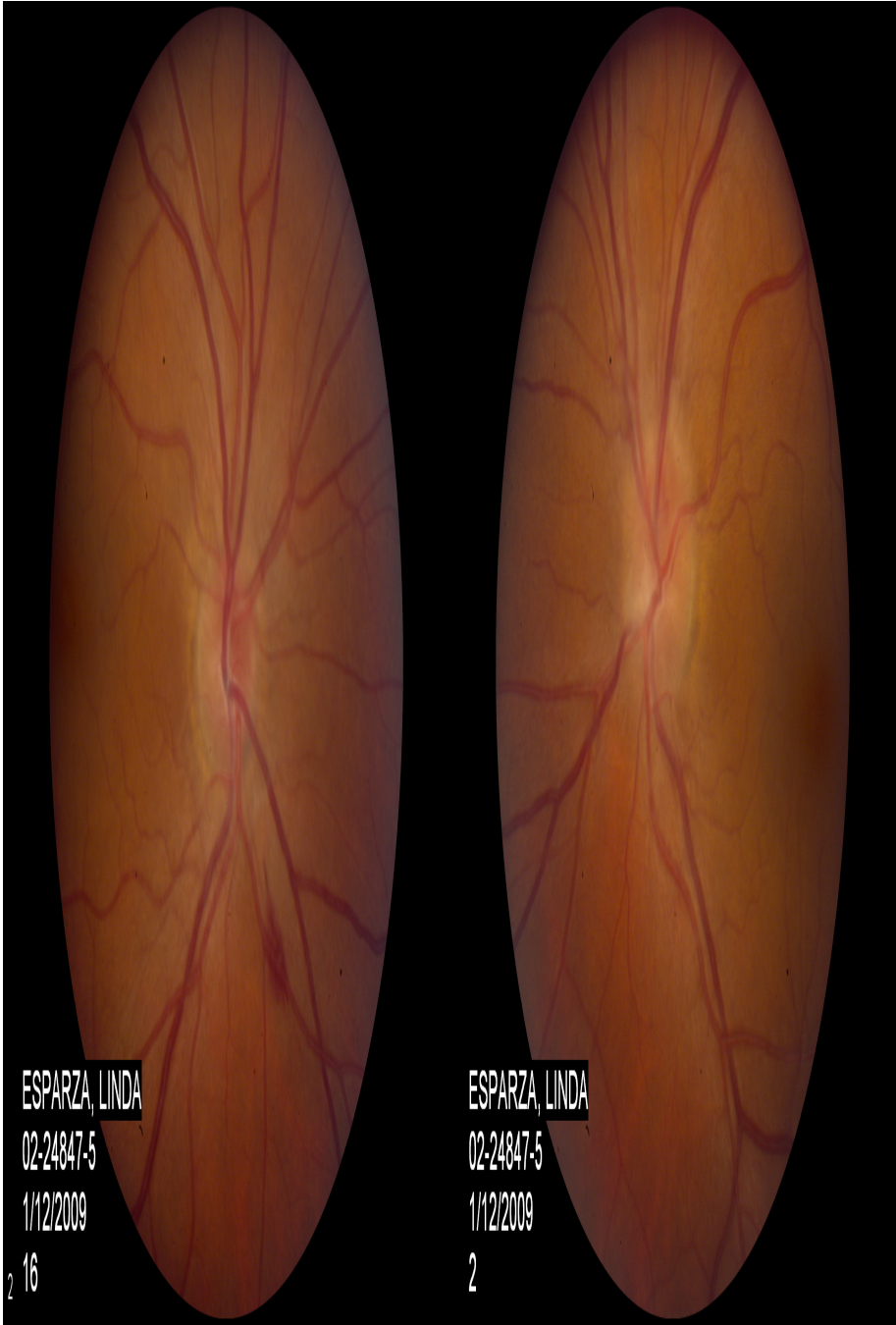
Think GCA in retrobulbar optic neuropathy of elderly

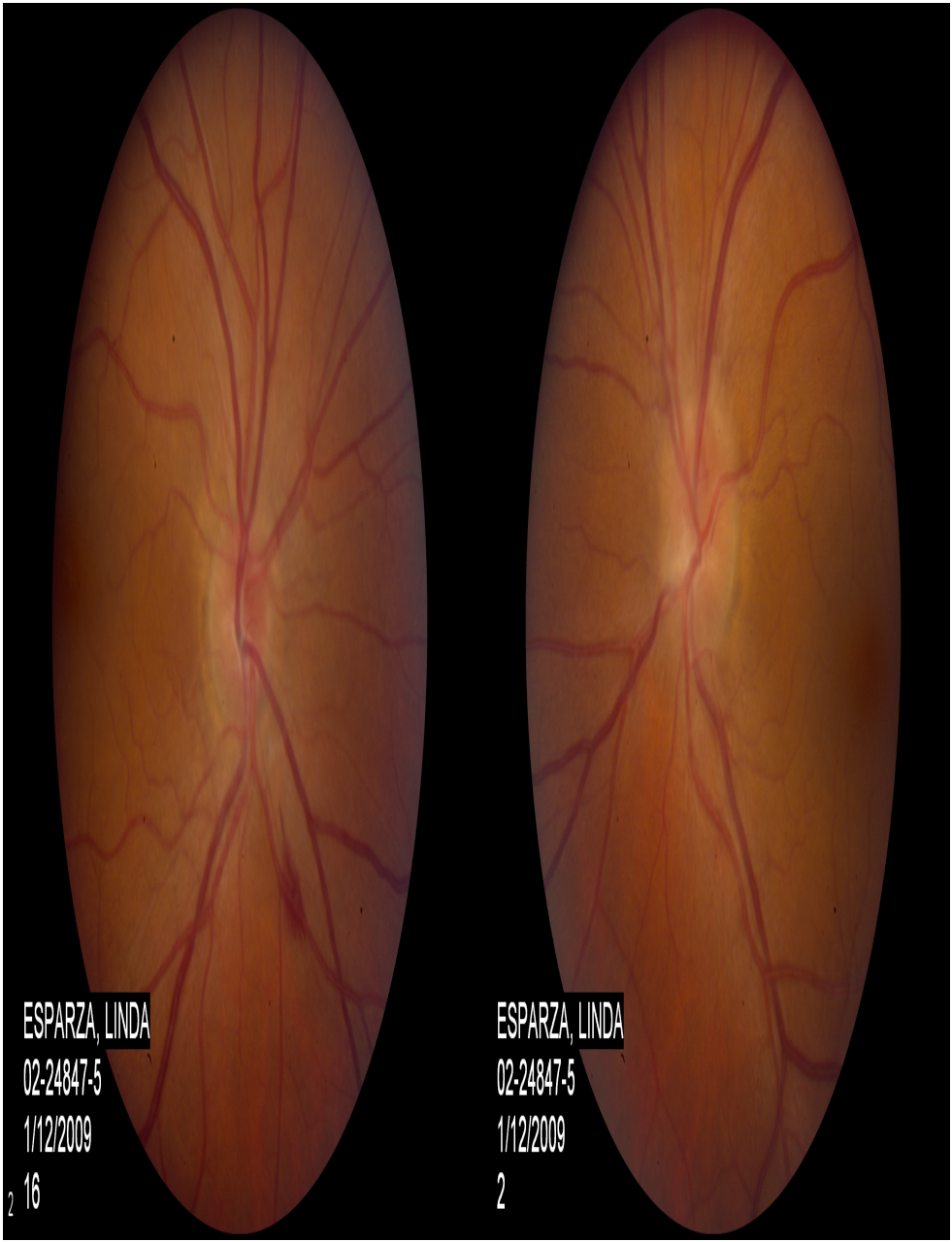
Definitely don't write: "Ischemic optic neuritis"....there is NO SUCH THING

Size does not matter...in neuro -op

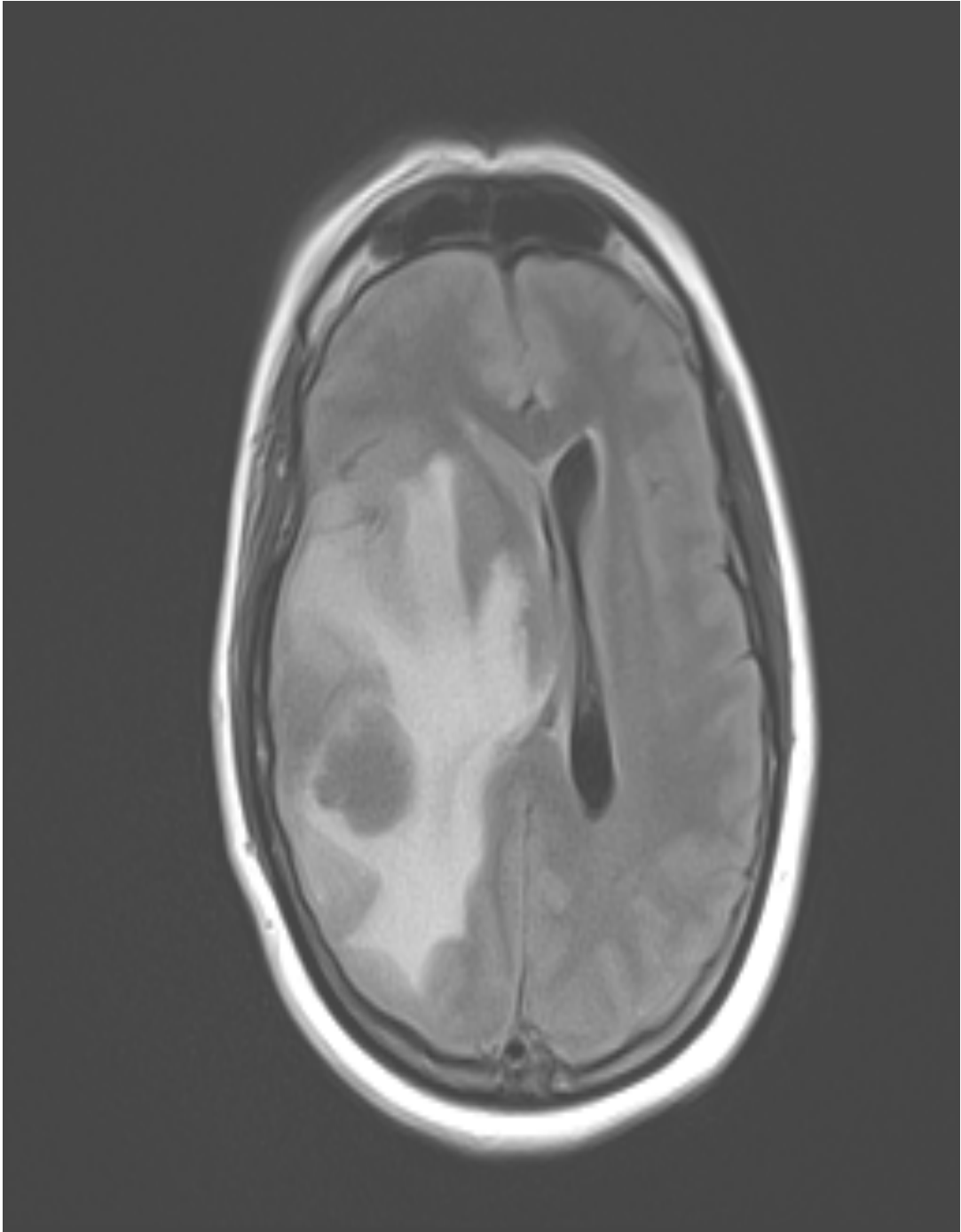


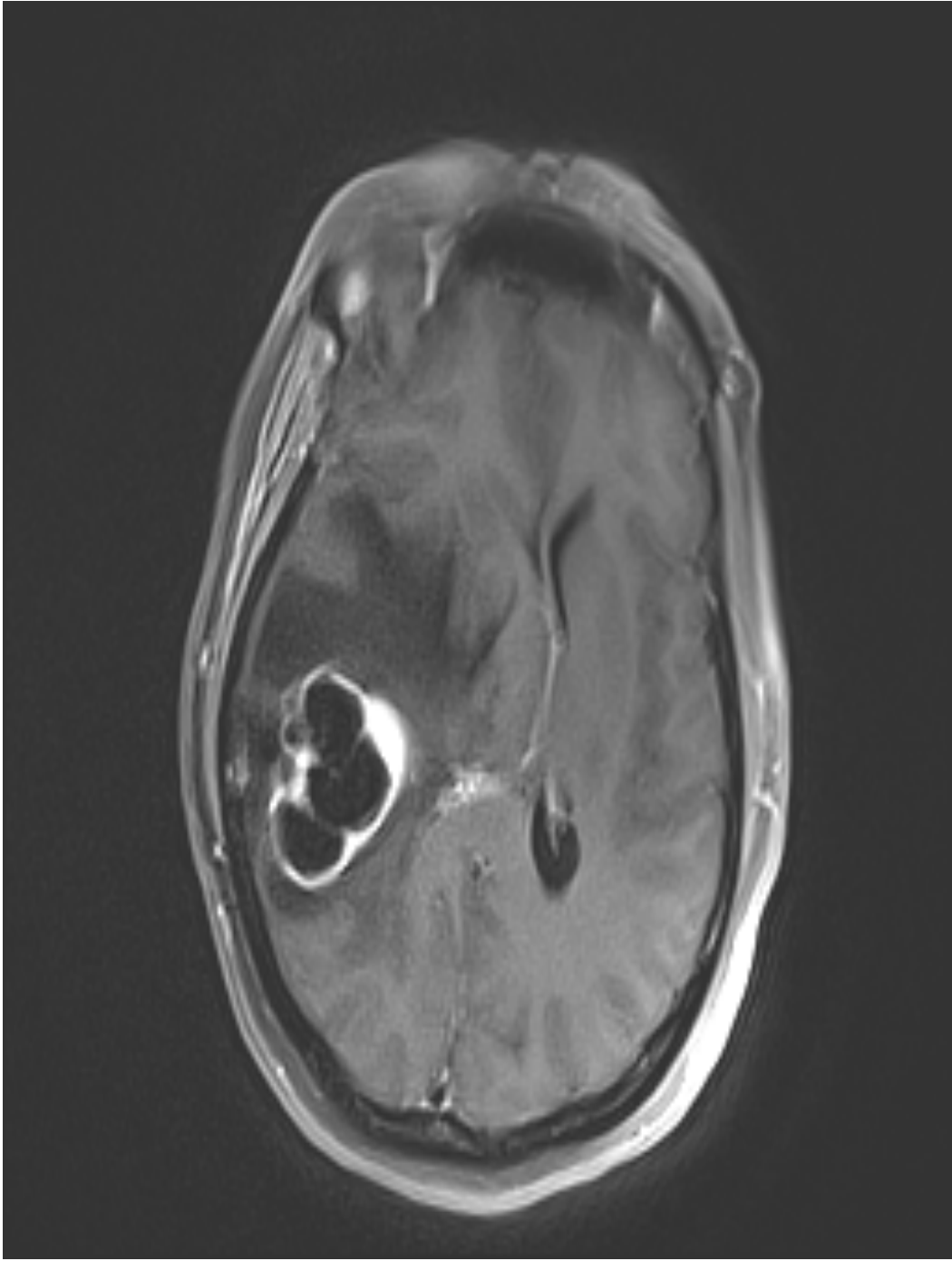
Little edema



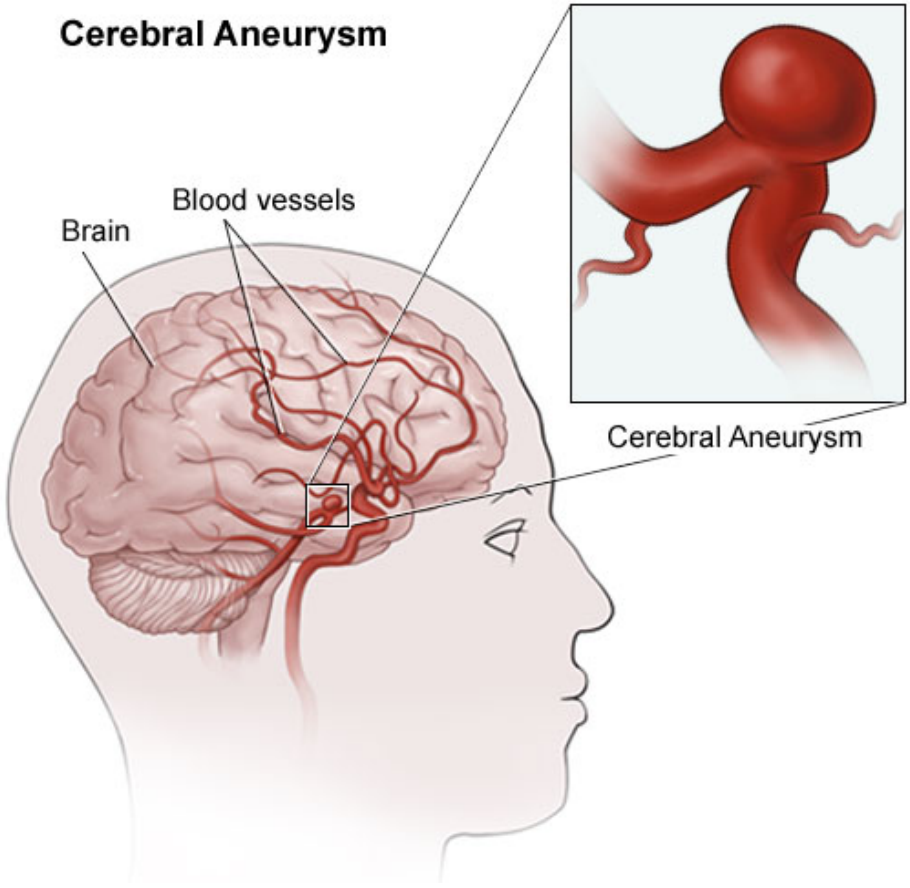


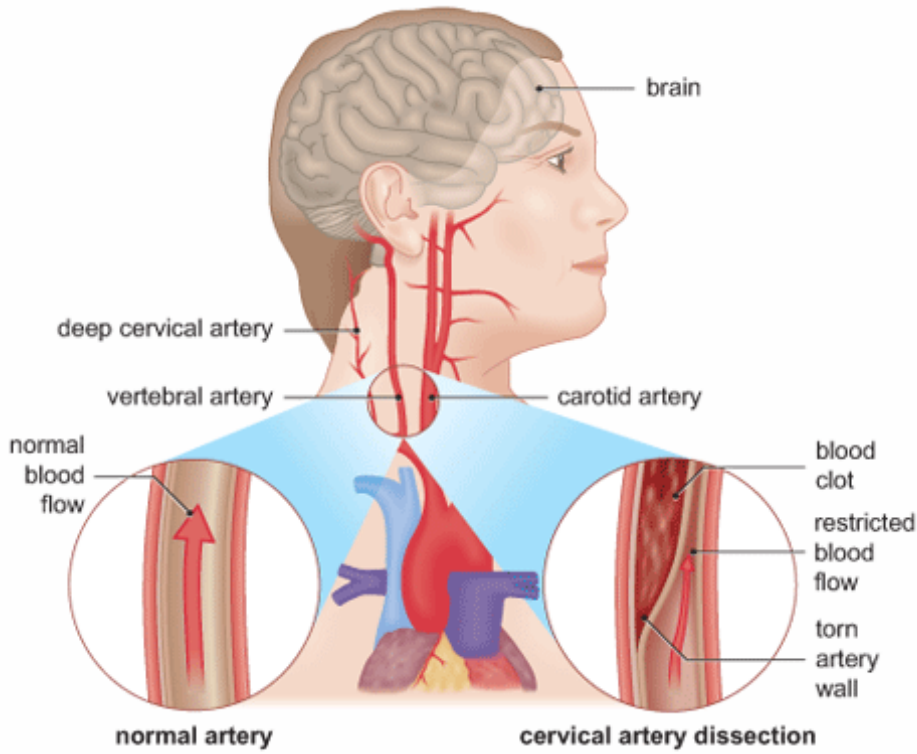
Little edema can be Big problem





Little anisocoria or little ptosis can be
Horner syndrome or Third nerve palsy

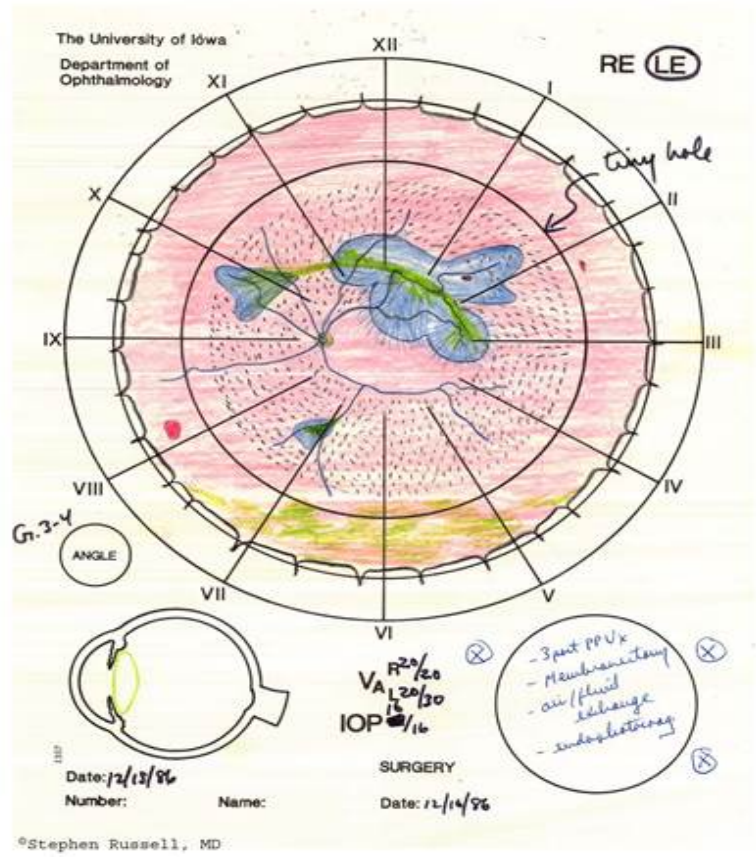
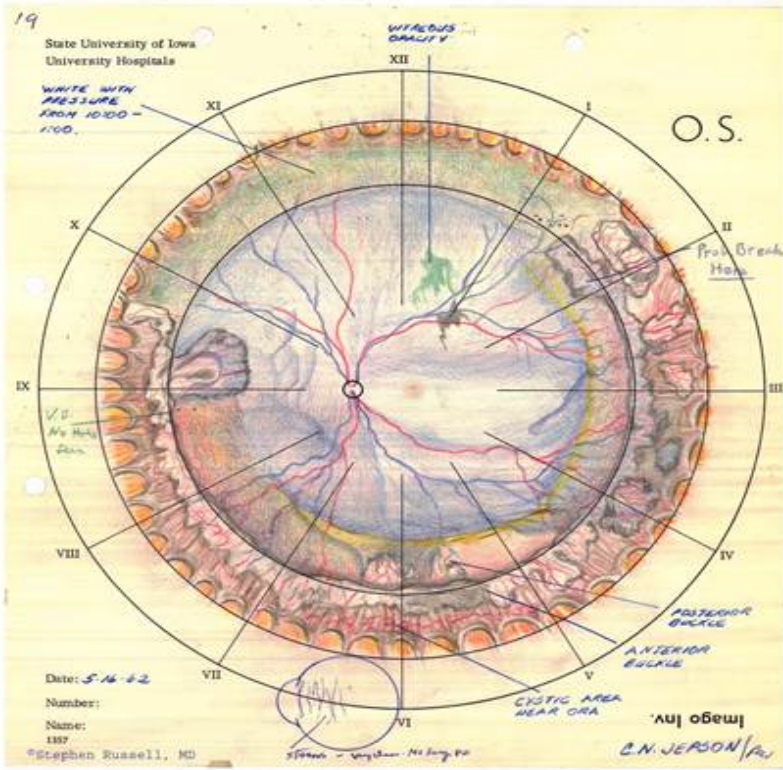




Cervical artery dissection



What the retina charting used to look like...



What retina charting looks like now...

The screenshot displays a comprehensive medical software interface for retina charting. The interface is organized into several key sections:

- Top Section:** Includes a patient identifier 'Prader, Test 10' and a grid for recording visual acuity (VA) and refraction (REF) for both eyes (OD, OS) across different distances (20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100).
- Left Sidebar:** Contains navigation options such as 'Basic Test Sheet', 'Print', 'History', 'S.O.C.', 'Test Exam', 'Examination', 'Image Review/Flow', 'Coding', 'Exam Summary', 'Visual Test', 'Foot Up Exam', 'Anterior Exam', 'Posterior Exam', 'Refraction', 'View Exam', 'View Fundus', 'View Fields', 'SP Notes & Status', 'Measure Flow', 'SP Report', 'Exam Report', and 'Exam ID'.
- Central Area:**
 - External:** Lists findings for 'Right' and 'Left' eyes, including 'Equal, round, reactive, no AFO', 'No to finger counting', 'Clear', 'Normal', 'No shadowing', 'No shadowing', 'Conjunctiva normal', 'Contra clear', 'White chamber deep and quiet, no cell', 'No tumor', and 'No tumor, cortex and capsule normal'.
 - Internal:** Lists findings for 'Right' and 'Left' eyes, including 'Equal, round, reactive, no AFO', 'No to finger counting', 'Clear', 'Normal', 'No shadowing', 'No shadowing', 'Conjunctiva normal', 'Contra clear', 'White chamber deep and quiet, no cell', 'No tumor', and 'No tumor, cortex and capsule normal'.
 - Other Fields:** Includes 'Patient Dilated', 'Patient was advised of all side effects associated with dilates', 'Dilated', 'Target IOP', and a table for 'IOP' with columns for Date, Dilated, Method, OD, OS, Time, Tolerance, and Comment.
 - Fundus:** Lists findings for 'Right' and 'Left' eyes, including 'Clear, normal', 'No, other, good color', 'cup-to-disc ratio 2/3', and 'No, no cup or ISE changes'.
- Right Panel:** Features a 'Visit' dropdown, 'Demographics' section, 'New' and 'Load' buttons, a hierarchical tree view of patient records (e.g., '10/12/2004 12:4', '10/12/2004 12:4', '10/12/2004 12:5', '10/12/2004 12:4', '10/12/2004 12:3', '10/12/2004 12:3'), and a 'Temp IOP' field.

Templates are slightly dangerous in EMR for ophthalmology

Something not right



EMR keeps bringing forward the error record after record

As if death weren't enough....

http://www.crstoday.com/PDF%20Articles/0207/0207_supp_legal.pdf - Microsoft Internet Explorer

File Edit Go To Favorites Help

Back Forward Stop Home Search Favorites Refresh Print Mail News RSS Feeds

Address http://www.crstoday.com/PDF%20Articles/0207/0207_supp_legal.pdf Go Links >>

Google G nnt payment specialty Go RS Bookmarks 13 blocked Check AutoLink AutoFill Send to Settings

Y! Search Web Mail My Yahoo! Personals Games Music Answers Sign In

Save a Copy Search 150% Search Web Adobe Reader Tips Here

Pages

the plaintiff that she was not a candidate for this procedure. The defendant's failure to do so was negligent and the settlement amount was to be below the appropriate level of care.

Attorney: In my experience, a good attorney will sway the jury by convincing them that the doctor could have done something more for the benefit of the patient. The jury will not believe that a physician would have done something deliberately and willfully harmful to the patient. During the course of the lawsuit, the plaintiff's attorney will plant in the jury's mind a seed of doubt that, if the attorney had just been a little more diligent, the doctor could have prevented the plaintiff from suffering loss of vision and other damages.

Attachments

Comments

Specialty	Average Settlement Amount (Approximate)
Cataract (43)	\$85,000
LASIK (26)	\$95,000
Retina (15)	\$120,000
Oculoplastics (13)	\$140,000
Glaucoma (9)	\$170,000
Neuro Opth (2)	\$315,000
Peds (10)	\$320,000
Cornea (5)	\$40,000
Fir Dx (10)	\$245,000
Gen (40)	\$155,000
Surgicenter (2)	\$180,000

(Courtesy of Ophthalmic Mutual Insurance Company)

Figure 2. This chart shows OMIC's average malpractice settlement payment per specialty from 2001 to 2004.

8.00 x 10.75 in

8 of 32

Done Unknown Zone

Summary: Say this, not that

Keep Symptoms, Signs, Diagnosis separate

Don't let sewage in your record

Differential diagnosis is mandatory

Don't make up your own neuro -op rules

Plan (two choices): Beware that template

Work it up or....

Recognize, triage, and refer

Here is what I am doing for myself to defeat Satan's physician burnout

I devote 20% of my time to something that I believe is truly meaningful (teaching and mentoring medical students & residents) & teaching courses like this one

I concentrate on finding my passion through my educational efforts and personal satisfaction from helping others (i.e., I believe in my personal statement) and aligning my life goals with my career

I engage with my colleagues about what I love about medicine (even when all they want to talk about is RVUs, FTEs, collections, etc)

It doesn't have to be about medicine





jantoo

CARTOONS

jantoo

CARTOONS



Proble

Search: 236333384

jantoo

jantoo

CARTOONS

...and when the god of death comes for you or your patient...what shall we say?



“Nottoday!”

Thanks for your time & attention

Andrew G. Lee, MD

Chair Ophthalmology, **Houston Methodist Hospital**,
Professor of Ophthalmology, Neurology, & Neurosurgery,
Weill **Cornell** Medical College; Adjunct Professor of
Ophthalmology, **Baylor** College of Medicine, University of
Iowa & Clinical Professor of Ophthalmology, **UTMB**
Galveston, UT **MD Anderson Cancer Center**

BCM

Baylor College of Medicine

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS

MD Anderson
~~Cancer Center~~

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